AN ACTION PLAN FOR CANADA

Mental health and criminal justice

CIPSRT Conference 2025 May 8, 2025



Commission de la santé mentale du Canada



Today's agenda

• What's the issue?

• What are we doing?

• What's next?

• Q&A



Mental Health Strategy for Canada



Priority 2.4:

Reduce the over-representation of people living with mental health problems and illnesses in the criminal justice system, and provide appropriate services, treatment and supports to those who are in the system.

MHCC's work related to mental health and the law

Mental Health Strategy 2012 Mental Health of First Responders 2014-2015

Scoping Project 2019-2021

Tempo: Police Interactions 2014 National Trajectory Project 2015

Development of Action Plan 2021-Present



What is the issue?

In Canada, there is an overincarceration of people living with mental health concerns and illnesses





What is the issue?

4.5x

People who work in the criminal justice system experience unique health and safety concerns



"I've been doing this for 15 years...

People ask for me for my opinion, What can we do to make things better?

... And then it sits on a desk, and it stays in a report.

I just want to see action.
I guess,
I just want to see change."



Mo Korchinski

Executive Director

Unlocking the Gates Services Society



Developing an action plan

Audiences

Primary focus:

- Justice-involved individuals
- Individuals working in the criminal justice system

Not losing sight of:

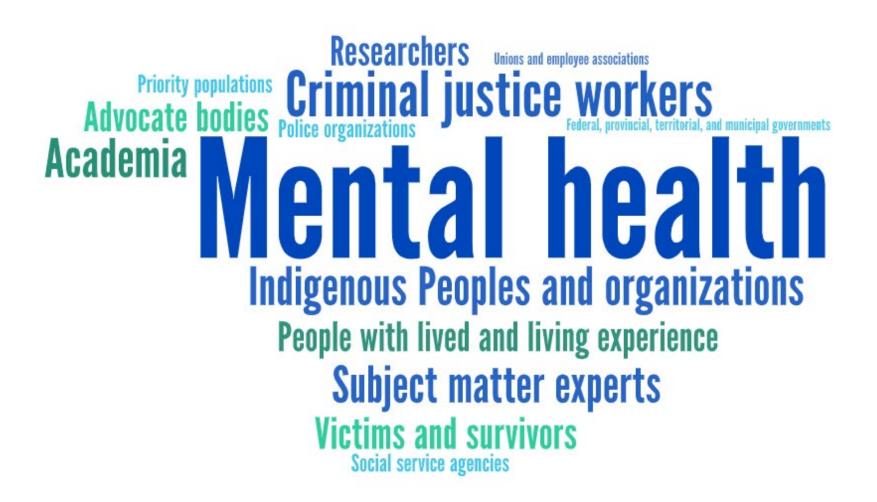
- Victims and survivors of crime
- Families



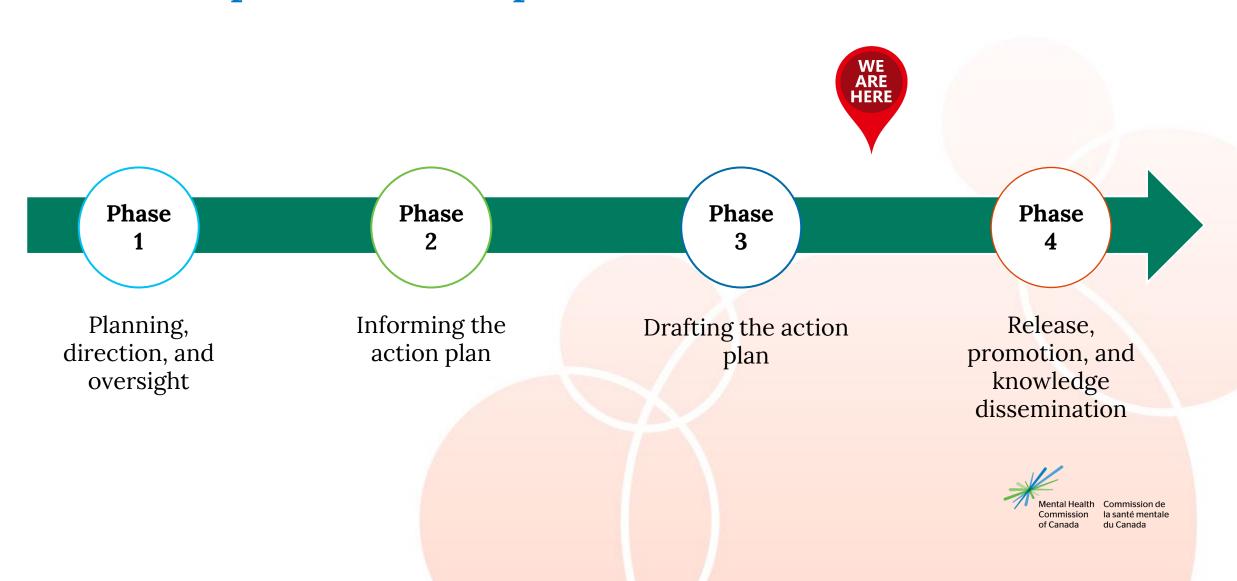
Goals

- 1. Divert from the criminal justice system
- 2. Support the mental health of justice-involved individuals
- 3. Provide continuity of care and support post-release
- 4. Support psychological health and safety of those working in the system
- 5. Address legislative and other system-level changes

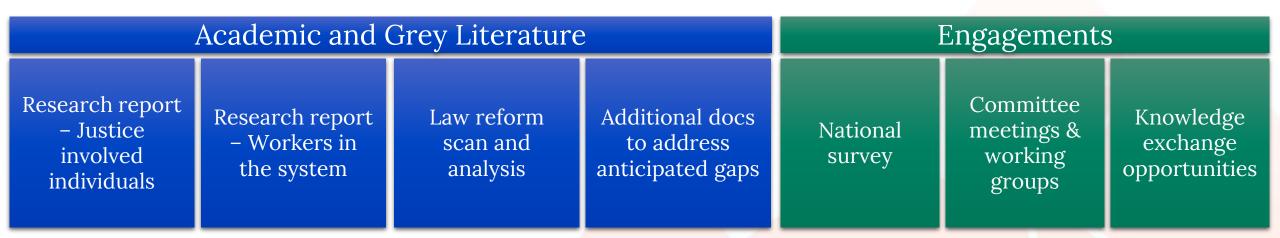
Development Advisory Committee



Action plan development



Sources of information





Draft action plan

Strategic Pillars

- 1. Care not criminalization
- 2. Care during justice involvement
- 3. Care after justice involvement



Junctures

Care not criminalization

Pre-contact

Initial contact

Pre-charge, pre-trial, or pre-hospitalization

Court-based diversion, dismissal, or conviction

Care during justice involvement

Community-based sentence

Institutional custody

Forensic mental health

Care after justice involvement

Community living and follow-up



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Common themes: Justice-involved individuals

- Trauma-informed care & prevention
- Barriers to accessing services
- Need for distinctions-based services
- Need for more "off ramps"
- Data and metrics



Common themes: Criminal justice personnel

- Mental health training
- Services and supports are needed
- Workplace culture → trauma as "part of the job"
- Workplace programs not enough
- Need for system-level strategies



Sample draft issue & recommendation

Pillar: Care not criminalization

Juncture: Pre-charge, pre-trial, or pre-hospitalization

Issue	Recommended action	Conditions of success	Measures of success
Lack of timely mental health screening, assessment and access to pre-trial diversion programs	Expand access to expert pre-trial assessments and ensure routine early screening.	 Increased # of mental health professionals Clear pathways to refer to diversion programs and supports 	 Increase in the number and timeliness of mental health screenings and assessments conducted pre-trial Increase in the rate of successful diversions and reduced recidivism for individuals referred to mental health supports



What's next?

Priorities

Reviewing feedback on draft action plan

Finalizing the action plan

Communications strategy

Government relations

Q&A and discussion





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Thank You!

Contact us: justice@mentalhealthcommission.ca

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